Penclawdd Primary School

Maths Calculation Strategies

Penclawdd Primary School

Ysgol Gynradd Penclawdd

White Rose Maths

Mathematics and Numeracy

At Penclawdd Primary School, we use the White Rose Maths scheme for the teaching of Maths from Reception to Year 6, which follows the mastery approach to learning. At the heart of White Rose Maths is the belief that all children can achieve.

White Rose Maths focuses on helping all children to build a deep understanding of maths concepts and confidence in maths.

For each year group the curriculum strands are broken down into small steps that build on prior knowledge to help children develop a deep and robust understanding of the concept before moving on.

Within this booklet, you will find the calculation strategies taught and used by your child in school.

Further information can be found at www.whiteroseeducation.com

Progression of skills - Addition

Year group	Skill
Nursery	• Subitise to 3 • Count how many • Make numbers to 5 • Add 1 more (through songs and rhymes)
Reception	• Conceptually subitise to 5 • 1 more • Notice the composition of numbers within 10 • Combine 2 groups • Add more
Year 1	• Add together • Add more • Bonds within 10 • Related facts within 20 • Missing numbers

Progression of skills - Addition

Year group	Skill
Year 2	• Add 1s to any number (related facts) • Add three 1-digit numbers • Add across a 10 • Add multiples of 10 • Add 10s to any number • Add two 2-digit numbers (not across a ten) • Add two 2-digit numbers (across a ten) • Missing numbers
Year 3	• Add 1s, 10s and 100s to a 3-digit number • Add two numbers (no exchange) • Add two numbers across a 10 or 100 • Complements to 100 • Add fractions with the same denominator within 1 whole • Calculate the duration of events

Progression of skills - Addition

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Year group	Skill
Year 4	• Add 1s, 10s and 100s to a 4-digit number • Add up to two 4-digit numbers • Add decimal numbers in the context of money • Add fractions and mixed numbers with the same denominator beyond 1 whole
Year 5	• Add using mental strategies • Add whole numbers with more than 4 digits • Add decimals with up to 2 decimal places • Complements to 1 • Add fractions with denominators that are a multiple of one another
Year 6	• Add integers up to 10 million • Add decimals with up to 3 decimal places • Order of operations • Negative numbers • Add fractions

Addition

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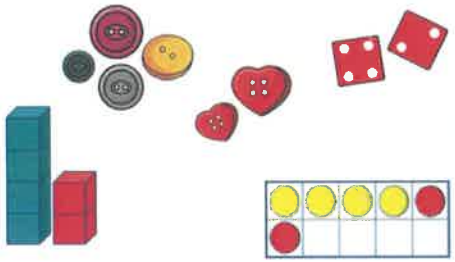
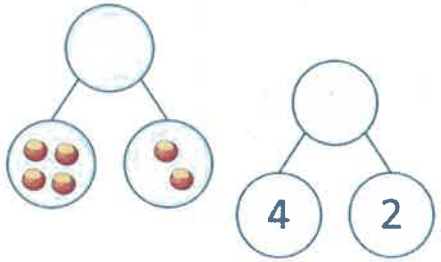
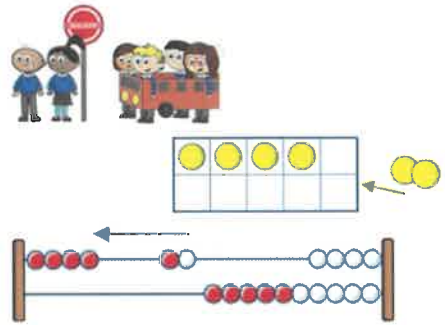
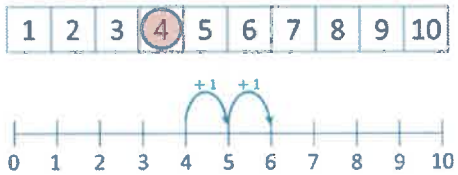
Year 1	• Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+) and equals (=) signs. • Represent and use number bonds within 20 • Add 1-digit and 2-digit numbers to 20, including zero. • Solve one-step problems that involve addition, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = ☐ + 2		
Progression of skills	**Key representations**		
Add together (aggregation) 2 quantities are combined to find the total.	There are ... There are ... There are ... altogether. 	... is a part. ... is a part. ... is the whole. 	... plus ... is equal to ... ... is equal to .... + ... 4 + 2 = 6 2 + 4 = 6 6 = 4 + 2 6 = 2 + 4
Add more (augmentation) A quantity is increased.	First... Then... Now... 	I start at ... I jump on ... I land on ... 	... plus ... is equal to ... is equal to ... + ... 4 + 2 = 6 2 + 4 = 6 6 = 4 + 2 6 = 2 + 4

Addition

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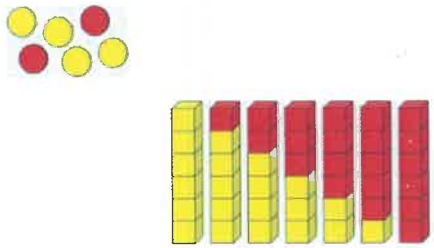
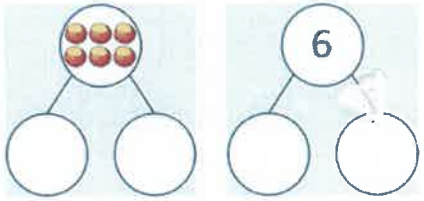
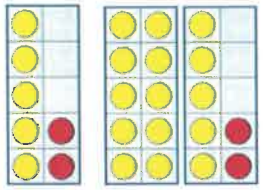
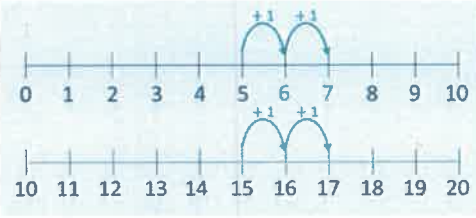
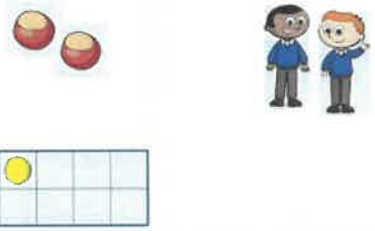
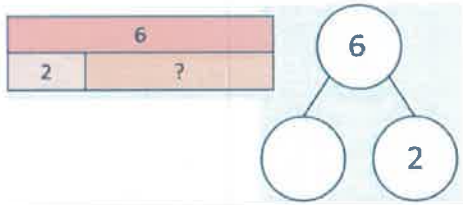
Progression of skills	Key representations		
Bonds within 10 Include bonds for each number within 10 Encourage children to notice patterns.	... is made of ... and ... ... and ... make ... 	... can be partitioned into ... and ... 	... plus ... is equal to ... $6 + 0 = 6$ $5 + 1 = 6$ $4 + 2 = 6$ $3 + 3 = 6$ $2 + 4 = 6$ $1 + 5 = 6$ $0 + 6 = 6$
Related facts within 20 Make links to known facts.	I know that ... and ... = ... so ... and ... = ... 	... more than ... is ... so ... more than ... is ... 	What patterns do you notice? $5 + 2 = 7$ $15 + 2 = 17$ $7 = 5 + 2$ $17 = 15 + 2$
Missing numbers Make links to known facts.	How many more do you need to make ...? 	If ... is the whole and ... is a part, the other part must be... 	... plus ... is equal to ... $2 + \square = 6$ $6 = 2 + \square$ 

Subtraction

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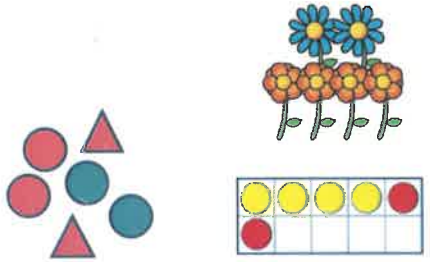
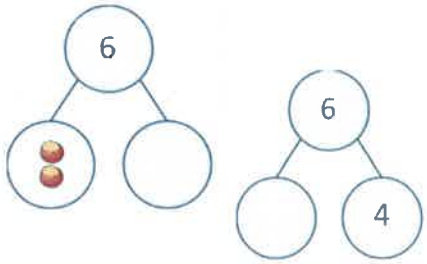
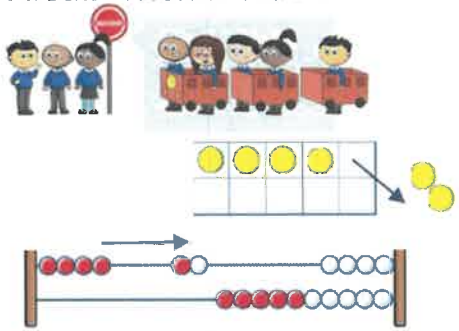
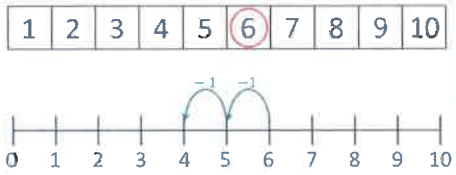
Year 1	• Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs. • Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 • Subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero. • Solve one-step problems that involve subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = \square - 9$		
Progression of skills	**Key representations**		
Find a part Link to number bonds and known facts. E.g. $2 + 4 = 6$ so if 6 is the whole and 4 is a part, the other part must be 2	There are ... in total. ... are ... How many are **not** ...? 	... is the whole. ... is a part. ... is a part. 	... subtract ... is equal to ... ... is equal to ... – ... $6 - 2 = 4$ $6 - 4 = 2$ $4 = 6 - 2$ $2 = 6 - 4$
Take away A quantity is decreased.	First... Then... Now... 	I start at ... I jump back ... I land on ... 	... minus ... is equal to ... ... is equal to ... – ... $6 - 2 = 4$ $6 - 4 = 2$ $4 = 6 - 2$ $2 = 6 - 4$

Subtraction

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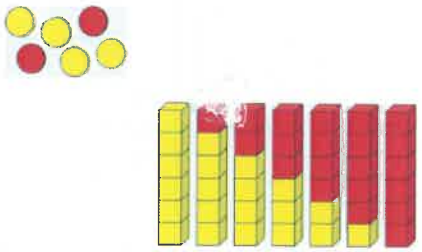
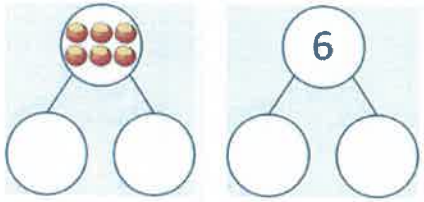
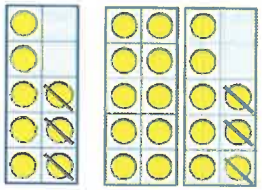
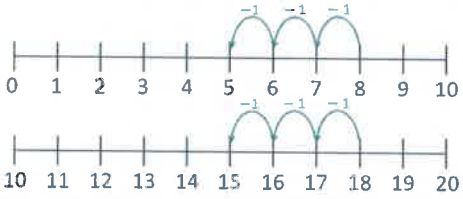
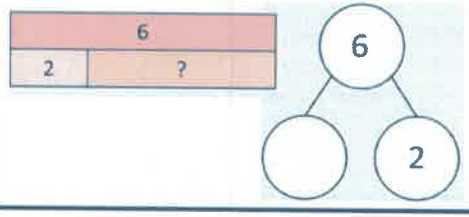
Progression of skills	Key representations		
Bonds within 10 Focus on subtraction facts. Encourage children to notice patterns.	... is made of ... and ... ... and ... make ... 	... can be partitioned into ... and ...  	... minus ... is equal to ... $6 - 0 = 6$ $6 - 1 = 5$ $6 - 2 = 4$ $6 - 3 = 3$ $6 - 4 = 2$ $6 - 5 = 1$ $6 - 6 = 0$
Related facts within 20 Make links to known facts.	I know that ... minus ... = ... so ... minus ... = ... 	... less than ... is ... so ... less than ... is ...  	What patterns do you notice? $8 - 3 = 5$ $18 - 3 = 15$ $5 = 8 - 3$ $15 = 18 - 3$
Missing numbers Make links to known facts.	How many do you need to subtract to make ...?  	If ... is the whole and ... is a part, the other part must be...  	... minus ... is equal to ... $6 - \square = 2$ $2 = 6 - \square$ 

Multiplication

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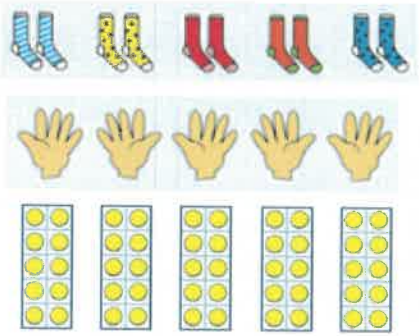
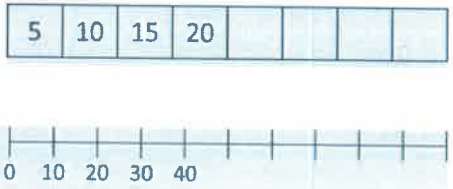
Year 1	• Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. • Solve one-step problems involving multiplication, using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.

Progression of skills	Key representations		
Count in 2s, 5s and 10s Begin by counting objects that naturally come in 2s, 5s and 10s, for example pairs of socks or fingers.	There are ... equal groups of ... There are ... altogether. 	Continue to colour in ...s What do you notice?  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	Complete the number track/number line by counting in ...s.  5 10 15 20 0 10 20 30 40
Add equal groups (repeated addition) Children should be able to write a repeated addition to represent equal groups and to draw pictures or use objects to represent a repeated addition.	There are ... groups of ... There are ... altogether.  $10 + 10 + 10 = 30$  $5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = 20$		What is the same? What is different? $2 + 2 + 2 =$ $5 + 5 + 5 =$ $10 + 10 + 10 =$ Use objects or a drawing to represent the equal groups and find how many in total.

Multiplication

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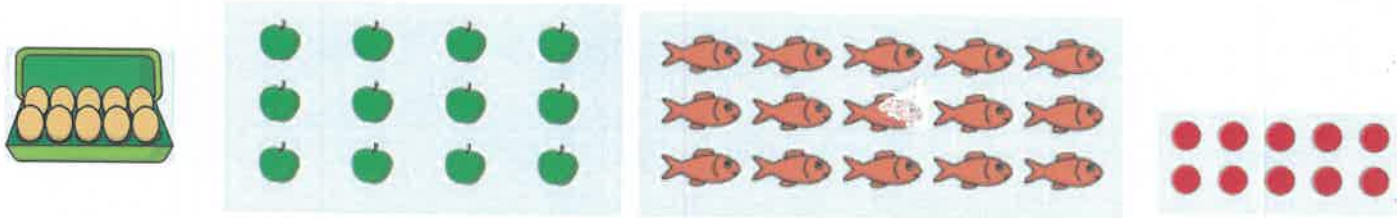
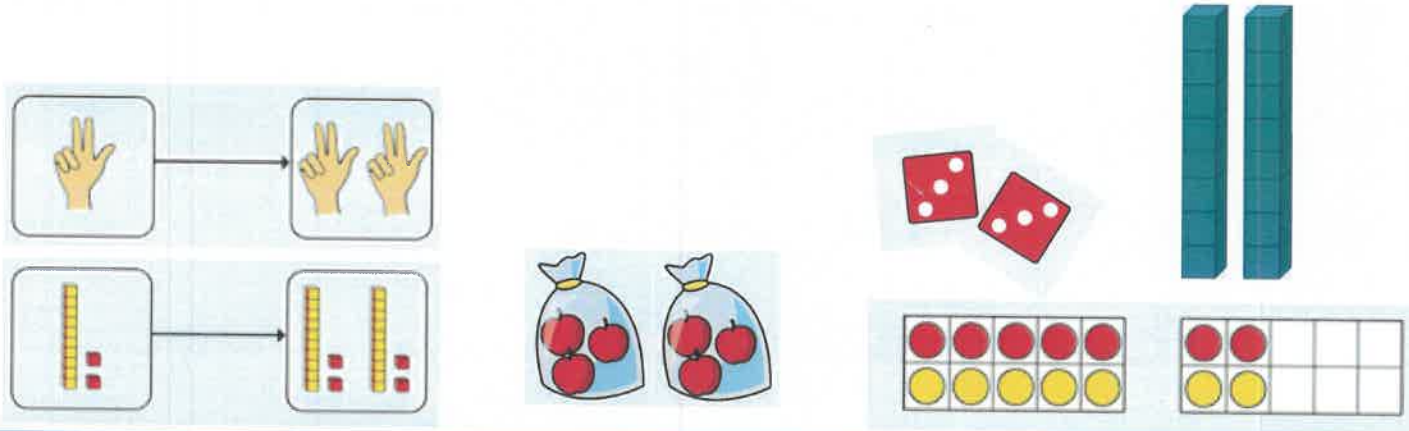
Progression of skills	Key representations
Make arrays Children use their knowledge of adding equal groups to arrange objects in columns and rows.	There are ... rows of ... There are ... altogether. There are ... columns of ... There are ... altogether. 
Make doubles Children understand that doubles are two equal groups. Children may begin to explore doubles beyond 20 using base 10	Double ... is ... ... + ... = ... 

Division

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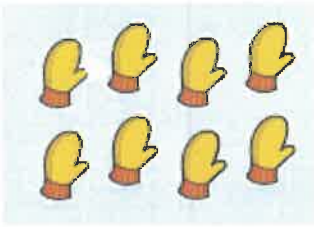
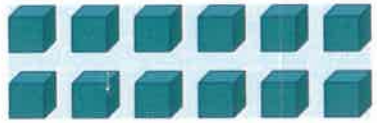
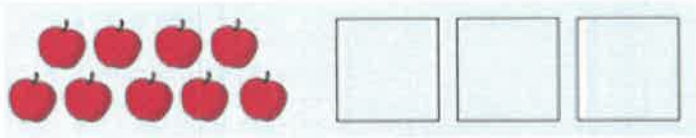
Year 1	• Solve simple one-step problems involving division, using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. • Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of a quantity. • Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.		
Progression of skills	**Key representations**		
Make equal groups - grouping Encourage children to physically move objects into equal groups. They can also circle equal groups when using pictures.	There are ... altogether. How many groups of ... can you make?  	Circle groups of 2 There are ... groups of 2 	Take ... cubes. Make equal groups.  There are ... groups of ...
Make equal groups – sharing Encourage children to check that the objects have been shared fairly and each group is the same.	... have been shared equally between... There are ... on/in each ...  	Take ... cubes. Share them between ...  12 shared between ... is ...	

Division

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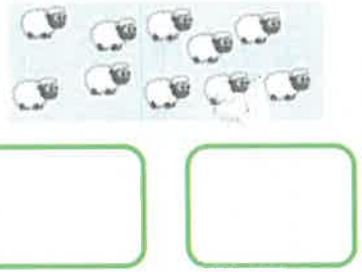
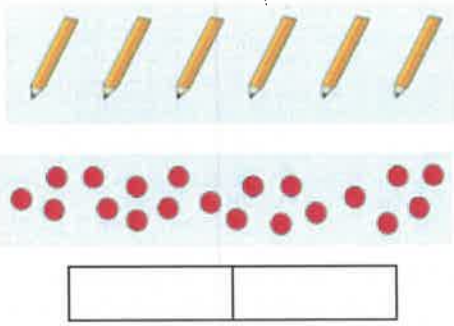
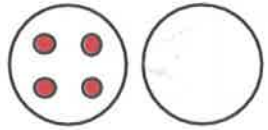
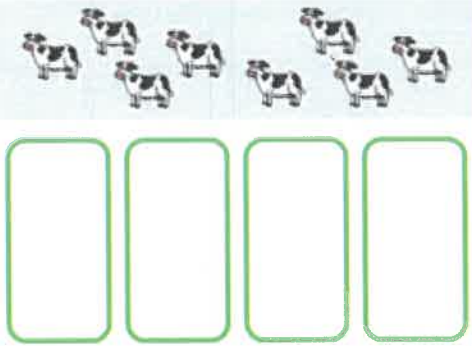
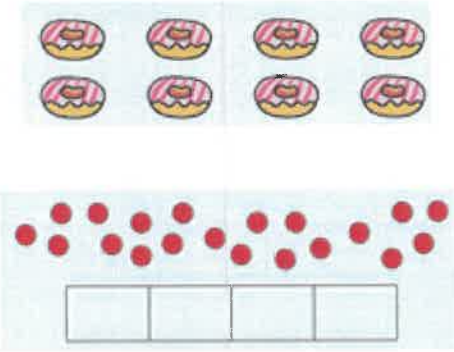
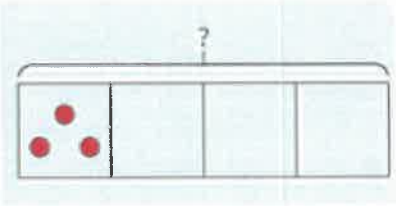
Progression of skills	Key representations		
Find a half Start with practical opportunities to share a quantity into 2 groups. Progress to circling half of the objects in a picture and then to finding the whole from a given half.	To find half, I need to share into 2 equal groups.  There are ... in each group.	Half of ... is ... 	If ... is half, what is the whole?  4 is half of ...
Find a quarter Start with practical opportunities to share a quantity into 4 groups. Progress to using pictures or bar models to find a quarter and then to finding the whole from a given quarter.	To find a quarter, I need to share into 4 equal groups.  There are ... in each group.	A quarter of ... is ... 	If ... is one quarter, what is the whole?  3 is one quarter of ...